

ED DAILY, B?  
O W D E N.

next door to Messrs. Janney and Lloyd's; here he will keep a complete assortment of the above Goods, and a general assortment of *Bar-*  
*Crowley, Blistered, and German Steel.*

of the advanced monies, with interest on the sum unpaid, if not punctually and fully discharged.

**A** few Copies of the *American Gardener*, for sale by Robert Gray, in King-street.

CONFESSIO OF FAITH.  
 y Robert Marshall, John Dymally, Richard  
 M. Nymar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompson.  
 May 2.



NEW YORK, September 9.

The ship Oliver Elsworth, captain Ben- net, arrived last evening from Liverpool, we have received London papers to the 25th July inclusive.

The Star of that date announces the arrival of Mr. Munro from Madrid. The news of peace being concluded between this country and Tripoli is confirmed by intelligence received at Paris and London, but the terms of it are still unknown. The French gun boats and praams have lately been very active, and notwithstanding the vigilance of the British cruisers, several divisions from Dunkirk, &c. have succeeded in getting into Bologne. Admiral Cornwallis, in consequence of the intelligence received by the Curieux, has recalled a squadron sent to strengthen the Ferrol station, and extended his fleet from Ushant to Cape Finisterre, in expectation of intercepting the combined fleets on their return from the West Indies, leaving only a few vessels to watch the motions of the Brest fleet. New disturbances have broken out in Egypt.

LONDON, July 18.

A king's messenger, with dispatches for General Sir Eyre Coote, K. B. arrived at Cork on Friday last from London. It was expected that the General would immediately embark for Jamaica. Four regiments of infantry, it was understood, would accompany him.

The 89th, 93d, 8th, 83d. The transports at Cove, not employed in this embarkation, were to return to Portsmouth. The 24th regiment was to disembark, and to do duty at Mindleton.

The American ship Washington from Montevideo to London has been taken and carried into Jersey by the Vulture privateer.

July 22.

The French and Spanish force in the harbor of Ferrol, is now ascertained to amount to thirteen sail of the line, besides frigates.

It was supposed they would put to sea the first opportunity, and run for Corruña Bay, in order to give our squadron, consisting of ten sail of the line, cruising off there, the slip.

July 23.

Hourschid Pacha, Governor of Egypt, has informed the Porte, that the Chief of the Arnauts, Seid Mehmet Ali, has refused obedience to him and to the Porte, on account of the arrears of pay, and has actually headed the troops under his command against that general and the Turks, in consequence of which he, being the weakest, was compelled to seek shelter with his troops in the Castle of Cairo, where he continued when he sent the advice; also, that Elfi Bey had advanced against Alexandria, with a considerable corps assembled at Rosetta with an intention of making himself master of that place; he therefore repeatedly and very urgently prayed for a reinforcement, and reiterated the reasons often alleged, that the greatest detriment and possibly the loss of Egypt might result from it if the Arabs were not soon paid and dismissed.

On receipt of this intelligence, the Grand Seignior immediately summoned a Divan, and the new captain Pacha has received orders to sail for Egypt without delay, with the troops and ships that were then ready, to succor Hourschid Pacha; with the assurance that a more considerable reinforcement would follow.

July 24.

It is reported that the troops which went out with general Craig have been landed at Malta.

General Craig, who is vested with a discretionary command in the Mediterranean, remained behind at Gibraltar, but meant to follow the troops in a few days.

We have received Paris Journals to the 16th and Datch to the 19th inst. inclusive. They announce that admiral De Winter has hoisted his flag on board the Herstelle, in the Texel; that Bonaparte had arrived at Fontainebleau on the 12th; that M. Lucchesini has reached Paris; that M. Hatarive has received the reward of all his civil labors in the Moniteur, by being appointed a counsellor of state; and that the Americans have made a convention with the bey of Tripoli.

July 25.

Mr. Munro, the American minister, has arrived at Blake's hotel, Gernyn-street, from Madrid.

A vessel arrived yesterday from Malta: soon after it was known a report prevailed in the city, that lord Nelson's fleet had arrived off Cadiz, having missed the combined fleet. This intelligence received little or no credit.

PLYMOUTH, July 21.

Letters received from the Channel fleet, dated the 17th inst. state that they were all well at that date, and that Cornwallis had made, as mentioned in yesterday's paper, a masterly disposition of the fleet. Directly on his receiving an account of the arrival of the Curieux's intelligence this day fortnight at this port, Cornwallis's fleet, leaving a squadron of observation off Brest, was extended from Ushant to Cape Finisterre, and if the enemy's fleet were seen in in lat. 47, long. 18, W. as described, great hopes may be entertained of their being caught in a trap.

DOVER, July 22.

It appears that the enemy's flotilla from Boulogne attacked ours, in this last action, contrary to usual practice, on purpose to facilitate the passage of their Dunkirk division; the praams kept up a well directed fire, and are more formidable than we were led to believe; a great deal of the advantage of their force consists, however, in their being able by the length of their guns, to throw shot further than our gun-brigs, and which, owing to the heavy fire of their batteries, ought not by any means to go in close; and this advantage would be in a great measure lost, if they would come out into deep water, when our brigs and sloops of war have only short guns, which, tho' heavy metal, cannot throw shot a long way. The Boulogne flotilla is however by their numbers, and having several of the praams and heavy gun-brigs, very formidable, their metal being of very large calibre being mostly Dutch brass guns, from 18 to 24 and 34 pounders, very long; and when they get close enough, they put three shot in a gun, and exercise their men very frequently in working them, and use every endeavor to prepare them for some grand attack: in the mean time we are not idle, our fortifications at the heights go on, and cannon are mounted, and the troops constantly exercised.

VIENNA, July 3.

All the regiments have received orders to be in readiness to march. The two regiments of Transylvania are already gone, and have carried with them their recruits, whom they had not time to clothe. The artillery, which is at Budweis, is to be conveyed in waggons, to Inner Austria, whither great quantities of ammunition have been sent. Besides the troops in Italy, two large camps will be formed near Pettau in Styria, and near Warradin.

Count Cobentzel is extremely ill. The archduke Rainier has been appointed minister of the interior. It is reported that foreign troops are about to enter the Val-teline and the Pays de Vaud.

Arrived, ship Catherine, Hillard, in 21 days from Lagaira. Left at Lagaira, brig Friendship, Herrington, of Salem, to sail next day; Union, Tucker, Portland, for New York in 6 days; Pearce, Bartlett—Newburyport, ten days; Canton, Fowler, New York, uncertain; Moly, Chamberlain, Philadelphia, 15 days; Ann and Mary, Mallory, Baltimore, put in in distress; but it was supposed she would be permitted to land: Schrs. Hopa, Middleton, Norwich, uncertain; Brothers Return, Scott, Alexandria, uncertain; Eliza Ann, Herbert, and Emily, Stone, both of and for Norfolk, uncertain: Sailed day before ship Stranger, Waterman, of New York for Pirento Cavallo; spoke in the offing ship Alert, Lewis, from Boston, who had been lying off and on, fifteen or twenty days, who informed that if he was not admitted to an entry the next day, he should put away for Havanna; likewise in the offing, brig Mary, Dorley, Philadelphia;—Lat. 32, 30, N. long. 70, 43, W. spoke schooner Virginia, from Norfolk for Antigua, seven days out, was boarded off the Hook by the Cambrian, and dismissed after polite examination. Captain H. saw the ship Eugenia, Mansfield, from Bordeaux, sent off by the Cambrian.

BALTIMORE, September 11.

Arrived, ship Little Mary, Waters, 62 days from Amsterdam. Left there 7th July, ships Baltimore; London Packet; Erin; Atalanta; and schooner Two Sisters all of Baltimore; ship America of do. just arrived; Chesman, Draper; Fanny, and Caledonia, of New York; Union, of Philadelphia, for Batavia, ready to sail; and many others unknown. Off Dunce cas, spoke a ship from New York, for Amsterdam, supposed her to be the Oneida Chief; long. 30, lat. 38, passed the wreck of a vessel bottom up, supposed she was a brig, apparently a fine vessel; expects the accident to have happened two days before in a gale of wind.

NORFOLK, September 8.

Arrived ship Susan, Loring 51 days from Lisbon.

Schr. Catherine Shepherd, Webb, from Antigua, via. St. Bartholemews, in 20 days.

The ship Emily, Welch, was taken and carried into Antigua the 14th of August, she was from this port, and last from Guadalupe, bound to Antigua.

Left, the schooner Thomas and Henry, captain Newel, from this port, to sail for Montserrat, to load for Norfolk in a few days; schr. Rambler, capt. Parriott, from Cherrystone, to sail for Norfolk in a few days.

Fourteenth August, arrived ship —, captain —, last from Guadalupe, sent in for adjudication, James Rody, supercargo—Sailed on the 9th August schooner Lavater, captain Levering of Alexandria, for St. Thomas's, cargo not sold.

August 31, lat. 32, 42, N. long. 61, 30, fell in with the Jamaica fleet bound for England, out five weeks, amounting to seventy sail of merchantmen, under convoy of the Vanguard of seventy four guns, commanded by captain G. Newman; at the same time spoke the brig Rebecca, of Alexandria, capt. —, from Martinico, bound to Baltimore, out 16 days, and kept company with the said brig to the Capes of Virginia.

The supercargo of the ship Serpent, handed captain Webb, the following, with a request to have it published on his arrival at this place.

"That the ship Serpent, capt. Hayes, and the schooner Suwarrow, capt. Frost, both from Baltimore, bound to Martinique, and Guadalupe, were captured on the 27th ult. on their way to Guadalupe, by the British sloop of war Hippomene, E. Woollcomb, under the lee of Dominico, and off the town of Roseau, and after putting a prize master and mariners on board, ordered them for St. John's, (Ant.) where they arrived on the 30th ult. Their trial came on the 11th of August, the schooner and cargo were condemned, only Mr. Bacon's part of the ship's cargo was condemned, the remainder, together with the ship was liberated, the plea for condemnation is, that no British subject, although he may have lived 30 years in America, and be entitled to all the privileges of an American citizen, if he be found trading and supplying the enemies of the British crown with provisions &c. his property in that case is a good and lawful prize, for they say that no British born subject is allowed to throw off his allegiance to the crown of G. Britain; and all British subjects, tho' American citizens, that are found trading with the enemies of England, their property will be condemned to all intents and purposes."

List of American vessels left at Bourdeaux, the 15th of July.

Ships Tref, Ricker; Sarah, Sutton; General Clairborne, Harris; Catharine, Bailer; N. Orleans—Zulema, Alfton; Missouri, Gallagher; Columbian Packet, —; Amity, Palmer; Lewis-William, Harthorn, Philadelphia; Phoebe, Abraham, Baltimore; Hazen, —; Bulah, Gardner; Nancy, Tainter, Bolton; Moultrie, Crenahan; Sarah and Susan, Warner; Nancy, Alcot; Enterprize, Thompson; Alexander, Waterford; Eugenia, Fleming; Thomas, —, New-York; Three Sisters, Clark; John and Francis, Bass; Baltic, Misroon; Charleston; Dartmouth, Solie, Newport; brigs Juno, Watton; Two Brothers, Harthorn; Norfolk; Hope, Cochran, Wilmington; Caroline, Young; Eliza, Hatch; Edward, Lombard; Nereide, Bradford; Shipwright, Deake, Bolton; Adventure, Stowel; Washington, Leder; George Clinton, Seaves; Virginia, Davis; Antelope, — New-York; Abigail, Benton; Savannah; America, Shaw; Providence; Venus, Lander Salem; schooners Venus, Allen, Bolton; Glide, Girder Gloucester; Washington, Stevens.

The ship Mammoth, Mork, was to have sailed from Bourdeaux, the 23d of July, for Norfolk.

The schooner Sukey, Gilbert, of and from this port, was left at Tortola, August 2, to sail in 4 days.

The Echo, Higgins, from this port, was at Nantz the 15th July, under seizure, with eight more American vessels, the cause not mentioned.

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY next, at 12 o'clock, will be Sold, at the Coffee-House, on a credit of four and six months for approved indorced negotiable notes;

One-fourth of the Ship

WILLIAM AND JOHN.

And immediately after,

One-fourth of the Brig DRAKE;

As they came from sea.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

September 12.

## Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13.

Extract of a letter from Havanna, dated the 29th ult.

"The fear of the British capturing vessels bound from the out ports of this island, and has in a great measure subsided, as we have not heard of any lately.

"A large Spanish letter of marque mounting, 18 guns, 12 twelve pounders and six 32 pound carronades, in 55 days from Monte Vied, in S. America, loaded with tallow, junk, beef, candles &c. fell in with an English sloop of war, within a few leagues of this port—an engagement took place, and after an hour and an half hard fighting, the Englishman sheered off. This happened in the afternoon of Friday last, in the course of the night following the sloop of war accompanied by a privateer came up with the ship again: consequently another engagement ensued and after an obstinate combat for a considerable time, both the sloop of war and privateer again sheered off.

"This is the Spanish captain's account; and is partly confirmed by the report of the captain of an American vessel, who was so near them as to be obliged to alter his course to get out of reach of the balls. The Spaniards had one hundred men, two of whom were killed and seven wounded."

The following information was received from Captain Gage, of the schooner Sea-Flower, from Havana, arrived at New-York.

The schooner Caroline, of Charleston, John L. Cranston, master, laden with a cargo of rum from Jamaica, bound to Charleston, the property of Mr. Andrew Kerr, merchant there, was captured off the west end of Cuba the 15th July, by a French Felucca privateer called the Valente, one Paul, commander, who took said vessel into a small bay near Cape Antonio, took the rum out, put it on board of another American vessel (the schooner Mary, of Cranston, N. C. which was captured by the felucca, and is made use of by privateersmen as a store ship for their plunder) and they have armed the schooner Caroline, and is now cruising in her against the American commerce, and has actually taken with him the schooner Sea-Horfe, of Charleston, S. C. Valk, master, from La Guira, with a cargo of 20,000 dollars. The crews of said vessels were treated with great inhumanity and barbarity by said pirates, and after suffering much misery in travelling from the west end of the island where they were landed by the privateersmen, Capt. Cranston and Valk arrived at Havana a few days before Captain Gage sailed.

Complaints of this piracy had been made by the parties to government, but it does not seem disposed to take any effective measures to bring to justice these marauders, who shelter themselves within the government, or to bestow the property of the sufferers.

By Captain Gros we have received Paris papers to the 10th, and Bourdeaux papers to the 15th July. In these papers we perceive but few articles worth extracting, which are in this day's paper. We noted that they contained an authentic account of the capture of Jamaica by the combined fleet, but this (as wits of Bolton say of "Norfolk news") is French news. Peace appears to be a defensible object in France, as we judge from the editorial speculations on that subject indeed; some affirm positively that peace is very near at hand. These papers do not mention the death of Talleyrand, and as our files are regular that intelligence must be premature.

[Norfolk Ledger.]

Captain Taylor informs us that a great number of vessels have been recently carried into Barracoa—among them the brig Jane of Baltimore, and a schooner belonging to the same place, both with valuable cargoes from St. Domingo. The Jane was captured after a very hard-fought action, in which the commander, capt. Kennedy, his mate, and 15 men, were killed, and 9 wounded; the Frenchmen had 25 killed and wounded. The gunner and several of the men are passengers in the Lear. The schooner Martha and Mary, Ford, of Baltimore, had been taken by a Spanish privateer, which followed her out of the port, and carried into a small port adjacent, where she was plundered; but was afterwards released, and had sailed for St. Jago de Cuba. Left no vessels belonging to this port. Capt. Taylor was boarded on the passage by the British government schooner Experiment.

[Charleston Times.]

August 24, off Havanna, capt. Johnson was boarded by the British sloop of war Tweezer; and the same time spoke brig Swift, capt. Burr, 25 days from Kingston, bound to New York, in distress, the mate having broke both his legs, and in want of water. Capt. J. supplied them with one cask; and the captain of the Tweezer sent his Doctor on board, and rendered them

very assistance in his power into Havanna. The day before had detained a new brig bound to Havanna, on suspicion of Spanish property. A Spanish brig Sally, Clinton, spoke brig Sally, Clinton, Havanna, for New York. Captain Davis spoke, on August, lat. 34, 9, long. 65, brigs Walker, of New Bedford for Trinidad, 13 days out. deaux, ship Three Sisters, port, repairing; brig Abiga, unloading.

By a gentleman from Pennsylvania, we learn, that the day before the 28th ult. a train took place in the upper and adjacent parts of Lancaster, the oldest inhabitants of the hood never before experienced states, that for several years as though the sluices were broken up; the descended in torrents, swelled, and larger streams to an extraordinary and rolling, impetuously swept with resistless fury its progress in the vallies down fences and enclosures, mills, dams of every description; among the latter one large and one coal-hole ed down, another forge saw-mill carried off, and rially damaged and removed foundations; one valuable one nail factory (the former completely torn to pieces) entirely washed away; and bridges, two of them on off; together with sixteen and fore dams, entirely foundations, all within a fifteen miles, principally wine, and the smaller thereof. One or two liged to fly for their lives, houses and furniture to furious elements; fortune lost. The destruction of formant adds, is almost best idea he can furnish that on the meadows of thirty thousand rails are Considerable damage on the Octararo Creek, ty, as well as on the Elk River in Maryland, certainly.

On the Brandywine, such a scene as the neighbor had never before witnessed less than eight hours rose perpendicular.

Several letters have been corroborating the above, which says, that this was equalled in the annals of (Baltimore)

## POLITICAL.

On the essential and distinctive Democracies and Republics to the Constitution of the States.

FROM THE BALTIMORE ANTI-DEMOCRATIC

## ESSAY

The constitution of laws of the state. I am sure, given to all men that these fundamental principles are observed. Go by promises and oaths people be bound by oaths into which they have entered? Shall they reserved sovereign power than changing, alter their constitutions. It is declared in this belongs only to a certain people, to elect of men, of a particular the house of representatives to the same description it belongs to elect a few may elect the senators the same description persons elected by the a few men, who shall that to the president along the powers of great officers of state, and judges: that to power of declaring war that to the congress



Letter from Havana, dated the 25th ult.

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Captain Davis spoke, on the 12th Au- gust, lat. 34. 9, long. 65, brig Canton, John Walker, of New Bedford, from Norfolk for Trinidad, 13 days out. Left at Bor- deaux, ship Three Sisters, Clark, of this port, repairing; brig Abigail, of Savannah, unloading.

(Ibid.)

By a gentleman from Chester county, Pennsylvania, we learn, that on the morn- ing of the 28th ult. a tremendous fall of rain took place in the upper end of that and adjacent parts of Lancaster county, such as the oldest inhabitants of the neighbor- hood never before experienced. Our in- formant states, that for some time it ap- peared as though the sluices of the great deep were broken up; that the water de- scended in torrents, swelling the rivulets and larger streams to an enormous height, and rolling impetuously down the hills, swept with resistless fury all that opposed its progress in the valleys below, bearing down fences and enclosures, as well as mill-dams of every description, and some buildings; among the latter are mentioned one forge and one coal-house totally wash- ed down, another forge nearly washed down, and two more much injured; one saw-mill carried off, and two others mate- rially damaged and removed from their foundations; one valuable flour-mill and one nail factory (the former built of stone) completely torn to pieces, and almost en- tirely washed away; and three valuable bridges, two of them on stone piers, swept off; together with sixteen valuable mill and fore dams, entirely levelled to their foundations, all within a distance of about fifteen miles, principally on the Brandy- wine, and the smaller streams emptying thereinto. One or two families were ob- liged to fly for their lives, leaving their houses and furniture to the mercy of the furious elements; fortunately no lives were lost. The destruction of fences, our in- formant adds, is almost inconceivable; the best idea he can furnish on the subject is, that on the meadows of one person nearly thirty thousand rails are deposited.

Considerable damage has also been done on the Oclaro Creek, in Lancaster county, as well as on the streams composing Elk River in Maryland; particulars not as- certained.

On the Brandywine, which presented such a scene as the neighboring inhabitants had never before witnessed, the water in less than eight hours rose twenty feet per- pendicular.

Several letters have been received in town corroborating the above account, one of which says, that this was absolutely une- qualed in the annals of American floods.

(Baltimore Evening Post.)

## POLITICAL ESSAYS

On the essential and distinctive qualities of Democracies and Republics, with refer- ence to the Constitution of the United States.

FROM THE BALTIMORE REPUBLICAN, OR ANTI-DEMOCRAT.

## ESSAY XII.

The constitution contains the fundamen- tal laws of the state. It is "a pledge and surety, given to all men and to all nations, that these fundamental laws will be reli- giously observed. God himself is bound by promises and oaths! and shall not the people be bound by oaths & engagements, into which they have freely and voluntarily entered? Shall they dare to exercise the reserved sovereign power for purposes o- ther than changing, altering, or annulling, their constitutions.

It is declared in this instrument that it belongs only to a certain description of the people,—to elect a definite number of men, of a particular age, as members of the house of representatives of congress; that to the same description of the people it belongs to elect a few persons, who alone may elect the senators of congress; that to the same description of the people or to persons elected by them, it belongs to elect a few men, who shall elect the president; that to the president and senate only, be- longs the powers of entering into treaties with foreign nations, of appointing the great officers of state, ministers, generals, and judges; that to congress belongs the power of declaring war, and making peace; that to the congress belongs the power of

making laws, to the president the power of executing them, and to the judiciary the power of expounding them: that before any alteration can be made in the constitu- tion, two thirds of both houses of congress must deem them necessary, and propose them; or two thirds of the legislatures of the several states must apply to congress to call a convention for proposing amend- ments; and after amendments are propos- ed, and before they can become a part of the constitution, they must be ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the se- veral states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other shall be ordered by congress.

In none of these cases can the people act, "in their original sovereign, and un- limited capacity." (43) In none of these cases do the people possess the supreme power of the state.

Under what circumstances then may this supreme power, which the people never part with, be called into activity?

When congress shall transgress the bounds assigned to it, by passing acts incompati- ble with the constitution, whereby the lib- erties and welfare of the community shall be manifestly endangered, and the ends of the government perverted (44); when the judges, these acts being discussed before them, will not venture to withhold from them the sanction of judicial authority; when the president will not dare to refuse, or when he concurs to carry them into effect; when the people by the exercise of their elective rights, cannot displace, every second year in one branch, every sixth year in the other branch of the legislature, and every fourth year in the executive, those who act in- consistent with their duty; when all those modes of redress shall have proved ineffec- tual, then may the people resort to their "reserved uncontrollable power," for then they stand absolved from their oaths and en- gagments; then they may assume into their own hands the alteration of the constitu- tion; then they may revoke the lease, the conditions being broken by the tenant," (45); then, and not before may this might- y power, high above all height, caput inter nubila, be called into action, and perform its revolutionary functions.

Thus we see the supreme power which the people never part with, is a distinct thing from the supreme power of the state.

Locke, from whose political writings some of our most celebrated statesmen have derived their opinions, relative to government, and whose principles of gov- ernment, in consequence, have entered into several constitutions, makes the same distinction between the supreme power of the state and the supreme power which re- sides in the people.

"The legislature (he observes) is the supreme power of the commonwealth, sac- cred and unalterable where the community has once placed it; nor can any edict of any body else, in what form soever con- ceived, or by what power soever back- ed, have the force or obligation of law, which has not its sanction from that legislature, which the people has chosen and appoint- ed; for without this the law could not have that which is absolutely necessary to its being a law, the consent of the society, over whom nobody can have power to make laws, but by their own consent, and by au- thority derived from them. And there- fore all the obedience, which, by the most solemn ties, any one can be obliged to pay, ultimately terminates in this supreme power, and is directed by those laws which it en- acts: nor can any oath to any foreign power whatsoever, nor any domestic subordinate power, discharge any member of the society from his obedience to the legisla- ture, acting pursuant to their trust; nor oblige him to any obedience contrary to the laws so enacted, or further than they do allow; it being ridiculous to imagine any one is tied, ultimately, to obey any power in the society which is not supreme." (46)

Again; "though in a constituted com- monwealth, standing upon its own basis, and acting accordingly to its own nature, that is, acting for the preservation of the community, there can be but one supreme power, which is the legislative, to which all the rest are, and must be, subordinate, yet the legislative being only a fiduciary power, to act for certain ends, there remains still in the people a supreme power to remove or alter the legislative, when they find the legislature act contrary to the trust reposed

(43) Judge Patterson, as above quoted.

(44) Constitution of Maryland.

(45) Judge Wilson, Deb. Penn. Con. p. 53.

(46) Locke; of civil Government, chap. ix. The supreme power, or sovereignty, is lodged in the legislative, executive, and judiciary es- tablishments. Arist. Pol. b. vi.

in them. For all power given with trust for the obtaining an end, being limited by that end, whenever that end is manifestly neglected or opposed, the trust must neces- sarily be forfeited, and the power devolve into the hands of those that gave it; who may place it anew, where they shall think best for their safety and security.

And thus the community perpetually re- tains a supreme power of saving them- selves from the attempts and designs of any body, even of their legislators, when- ever they shall be so foolish, or so wicked as to lay and carry on designs against the liberties and properties of the subject. For no man, or society of men have a power to deliver up their preservation, or conse- quently the means of it, to the absolute will and arbitrary dominion of another. When- ever any one shall go about to bring them into such a slavish condition, they will al- ways have a right to preserve what they have not a right to part with, and to rid themselves of those who invade this funda- mental, sacred, and unalterable law of self preservation, for which they entered into society. And thus the community may be said, in this respect, to be always the su- preme power, but not as considered under any form of government, because this power of the people can never take place until the government be dissolved." (47)

The conclusion from the whole, is, the SUPREME POWER which resides in the peo- ple, is a DISTINCT and DIFFERENT THING from the SUPREME POWER of the state.

Would it be possible to change this ar- rangement for a better? In what other go- vernment shall we find the nature, extent, and quality of every man's rights so well defined and fixed? can any thing (the practice conforming with the theory of the con- stitution) be better calculated to preserve to the community, union, stability, peace, order and safety? can any thing be better conceived than this harmonious assemblage of different elements! this beautiful subor- dination of parts! this scale of rights, as- cending from the elective to the legislative, executive, and judicial; each separate yet connected, each bounded yet complete, the whole forming a perfect system, surround- ed by the supreme power residing in the people, which, like the atmosphere of the earth, keeps, by its weight and influence, the several parts and powers of this wonder- ful work in their respective places? Who will dare to destroy this commonwealth, by a new arrangement of its parts, or a differ- ent distribution of its powers? Admirable fabric! long may it be preserved from the sacrilegious hands of demagogues and in- novators! Long may it remain the eulo- gium of its Architects! The pride of a hap- py and a flourishing people!

(47) Locke; Of civil Government, chap. xiii.

## SHIP NEWS.



### Port of Alexandria.

The mate of the schooner Harmony, ar- rived yesterday from Barbadoes, via St. Bartholomews, informs that while they lay at St. Bartholomews, he saw a letter from Curacao, containing information "that the British had evacuated that Island five weeks before."

Capt. Roberts of the Harmony, in- forms that just as he left Barbadoes, a se- venty four gun ship arrived, supposed to be direct from England, and immediately af- ter her coming too, there was a general fir- ing from the forts and shipping—he sup- poses she must have brought news of im- portance.

Left at Barbadoes, captain Harper to sail in a few days.

Captain Coleman, of the brig Sparrow, arrived here 3 days ago, in 20 days from St. Pierre's informs, that on the 2d instant, in lat. 34, long. 71, fell in with the home- ward bound English fleet.

Same day spoke ship Mary, 15 days from Jamaica, of and for Liverpool.

Captain C. adds, that it was very sickly there when he left Martinico, so much so that the citizens were under the necessity of doing garrison duty.

## FOR SALE, A young Negro Wench & Child.

R. T. Hooe.

Sept. 12.

d2w.

## FOR SALE,

A likely NEGRO BOY, about 12 or 13 years old.

Enquire of the Printer.

September 12.

## PUBLIC SALE.

At 1 o'clock, TO-MORROW, will be Sold, at the late dwelling of James Wilson, de- ceased, Fairfax Street; on a credit of 90 and 120 days, for approved indented negotiable notes;

6 hogheads clayed Sugar,

3 ditto

Mulcovado do.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

September 13.

## FOR SALE,

A CONVENIENT two story frame Dwel- ling-House, with a Kitchen and Lot of Ground 25 feet front, and running back upwards of 100 feet to a 10 feet alley; situate on Colum- bus Street, between Duke and Wolfe Streets. If not sold at private sale before the first of No- vember, it will on that day be offered at public sale, on the premises.

George Parker.

September 13.

raw6t

Understanding thatundry per- sons have within a few days past, been seen hunt- ing on my land, I repeat the warning formerly given—That they and others will suffer from such practices; as I am determined to prosecute all those who may be detected in them. I have fully authorized my tenants, at Muddy Hole, to prevent them, as far as they can, by all proper means.

Bushrod Washington.

Mount Vernon, Sept. 13.

d3t

## Spring-Garden Theatre.

## FOR THE BENEFIT OF Messrs. M'Kenzie & Blisset.

O N

## SATURDAY EVENING,

(SEPTEMBER 14)

WILL BE PRESENTED,

A CELEBRATED DRAMA

CALLED THE

## CASTLE SPECTRE.

Earl Reginald,	Mr. Wood
Earl Omond,	Mr. M'Kenzie
Earl Percy,	Mr. Cain
Father Philip,	Mr. Francis
Motley,	Mr. Jefferson
Kentie,	Mr. Wood
Saib,	Mr. Seymour
Hassan,	Mr. Taylor
Muley,	Mr. Blisset
Edric,	Master Harris

Angela,	Mrs. Wood.
Alice,	Mrs. Francis.
Evelina,	Mrs. Jefferson.

End of the Play, a favorite Interlude

IN ONE ACT, CALLED

## Doctor Laft's Examination

Before the COLLEGE of PHYSICIANS.

President,	Mr. M'Kenzie
Dr. Laft,	Mr. Blisset
Dr. Calomel,	Mr. Francis
Dr. Camphire,	Mr. Seymour
Secretary,	Mr. Robins

To which will be added,

## A MUSICAL FARCE CALLED THE TURNPIKE GATE.

Sir Edward,	Mr. Cain
Snart,	Mr. Wood
Henry Blount,	Mr. Robins
Robert Maythorn,	Mr. Francis
Crack,	Mr. Blisset
Old Maythorn,	Mr. Seymour
Sailor,	Mr. Taylor
Groom,	Master Harris
Steward,	Mr. Bolton
Joe Standfast,	Mr. Jefferson

Landlady,	Miss Hunt
Peggy,	Mrs. Jefferson
Mary,	Mrs. Seymour

The Doors to be opened at 6, and the per- formance to begin precisely at 7.

Admittance One Dollar.

Tickets to be had at Mr. GADSBY's bar, and at the THEATRE.

Should the weather prove unfavorable, the entertainments will be postponed until the first fair evening.

September 14.

## Valuable Property for Sale.

On the 10th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be Sold on a long credit at public vendue, on the premises,

THAT large STONE WAREHOUSE on, the corner of Wolfe and Union Streets; one half of a Ground Rent of £.131 18/-; aris- ing out of the Distill-house immediately oppo- site; one half of the Wharf that was built by general Roberdeau, and a number of Vacant Lots on Water, Wolfe, and Union Streets.

The property will be shown to any person ap- plying to the subscriber.

THOMAS PATTEN

August 19.

c63w





## SHIP UNITED STATES,

J. M. SPRAKE,  
Arrived at Liverpool, in perfect safety, after a passage of 26 days; and expected to fall about the beginning of August, with FALL GOODS, for Alexandria and George Town. She may be expected by the 20th instant, and as we are desirous of giving her dispatch so as to place her at Liverpool for an early ship next spring, for this river, we will either charter, or take in part freight to a convenient port in France, or to Cowes and a Market, or LIVERPOOL DIRECT. Apply to

Rickets, Newton & Co.

September 4.

## For CHARTER,

To the West-Indies or Coastways,

The Sloop HOPE,

Burthen 73 tons; a good strong vessel and in complete order to receive a cargo. Apply to

Hewes & Miller.

August 28.

## Ground-Rents for Sale.

ON THURSDAY, the 4th day of October next, between the hours of twelve and one, will be Sold, to the highest bidder, for ready money, at the Coffee-House, two separate Ground-Rents, secured by valuable Lots in this town, for £.20 17 3 Virginia Currency.

J. H. HOOD, Assignee

of the estate of John Gill—a bankrupt.

September 5.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE Trustees of the town of PROVIDENCE, having thought it expedient to postpone the Sale of the several LOTS in the said town, advertised for sale on this day, until MONDAY the 21st day of October next—Notice therefore is given, That the said Trustees will, on that day, proceed to expose to PUBLIC SALE, for ready money, the several LOTS in the said town, agreeable to the act of assembly establishing the same.

Charles Little,  
W. Payne,  
Richard Fitzhugh,  
H. Gunnel, jun.  
Wm. Middleton,  
Daniel McChichester,  
Francis Coffey,  
Daniel Lewis,  
John C. Hunter.

MONDAY, the 19th day of August, 1805.

## LAND for SALE.

I have about 1000 acres of Land, equal to any in the State of Kentucky, lying near Lexington, which I will sell a great bargain; the title indisputable, and an old military one. The terms of the sale will be made low, and a very lengthy credit given on a considerable part of the purchase money. Those gentlemen who intend to settle in the State, and who wish to purchase, may find it their interest to call upon me. I have the certificate of the hon. John Brackenridge, Esq. and others, shewing the title, situation, quality, quantity and value of this property.

John Luke.

August 5.

## NOTICE.

W. D. SIMMS has commenced the Practice of LAW, and means to attend the Courts of Alexandria and Washington counties, in the district of Columbia—the Winchester District Court in Virginia, and Prince-George's and Charles County Courts, in Maryland.

August 26.

## WILLIAM OXLEY

HAS ON HAND,

Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous to the purchasers, for cash or notes.

The following Articles, viz.

Disper and common tapes  
Paper and pound pins  
White and printed marseilles  
Laces, edgings and gimps  
Elegant black and white lace veils  
Patent do. do.  
Satin peeling and silk handkerchiefs  
4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambric muslin  
India Jaconet do.  
Fustians, backram, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk silk and cotton linings.

January 7.

Superfine and second cloths  
Kerseys and fawn-downs  
Barkins and fearnoughts  
Durants and callimancoes  
Bombazets and wildbores  
Common and holl'd cambrics  
Silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery  
English extra long silk gloves  
Silk twist and thread

## Mutual Insurance Office,

RICHMOND, Sept. 5th, 1805.

THE members of the Mutual Insurance Company against Fire on Goods and Furniture in the State of Virginia, are hereby notified that a second full quota is found to be necessary, and is hereby called for, to be paid by each member of this company to the cashier-general on or before the first day of October next.

The members of this company will be pleased to take notice, that all who fail to comply with this requisition will cease to be insured after the day fixed on for the payment of the said quota until payment is made. And in order to place this institution on a respectable footing, it is deemed necessary to motion immediately against all delinquents—so that no indulgence need be expected after the first day of October next.

Benjamin Du-Val, President.

## MILLS FOR SALE.

The subscribers offer for sale, that valuable property, known by the name of

## COLUMBIA MILL,

Situated on the south bank of Major Abraham's creek, below the confluence of the Kenderhook and Claverack creeks, about half a mile from the channel of the North river, and four miles North of Hudson, being one of the best streams in the State of New York, four run of burr-stones are erected in the mill, together with all the machinery, constructed in the best and most convenient manner for the manufacture of flour. The water is navigable along side of the mill for boats drawing 5 feet water. The advantages which this situation affords for the manufacture of flour are numerous, and will be best appreciated by any person wishing to engage in that line of business, by a view of the premises.

For price and terms of payment, which will be made easy to the purchaser, and to whom an indisputable title will be given. Apply to

Elisha Penkins, at Albany,

O R,

John Alfop, at Hudson.

September 9.

## NOTICE.

NO. 517 milling—a Certificate of one share of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Alexandria, issued to James Wilson the 21st March, 1793, and by him transferred to the subscriber the 11th October following.

September 6.

John Dunlap.

## Wanted to Purchase,

50 well seasoned Locust or Cedar Posts, and 250 stout Chestnut RAILS.

Apply to the Printer.

August 19.

## Mackarel & Whiskey.

110 barrels of MACKAREL just received, per schooner Hiram, from Rhode Island: ALSO,

35 barrels strong proof RYE WHISKEY—and

30 kegs manufactured James-River TOBACCO, warranted good. These articles will be sold low. Apply to

John & Thomas Vowell.

July 16.

## THE SUBSCRIBER, AT HIS GROCERY STORE,

King near Washington Street,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

FROM PHILADELPHIA, &c. &c.

—A SUPPLY OF—

Fresh teas, particularly selected,  
6000 lbs. green coffee,  
14 hds. St. Croix and St. Martins sugar,  
New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump sugars.

Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,  
Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,  
Cognac brandy,  
Holland gin,  
Whiskey and

New England rum,  
Choice old Madeira,  
Sherry,  
Lisbon,  
Teneriffe,  
Malaga and  
Port;

WINEs.

Claret in cases,  
20 Boxes fresh muscatel raisins,  
Very best chocolate,  
Dixon's best mustard,  
Sallad oil, &c.  
With a general assortment of groceries as usual.

The whole of which are of a superior quality, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

## JAMES BACON.

May 14.

St. Vincents Rum,  
Muscovado Sugar, and  
Spanish Hides,

FOR SALE BY

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

August 5.

## PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to Deeds of Trust from Philip Wanton to the subscriber will be sold on the premises, at public auction, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on the 5th day of October, ensuing,

## Six Lots of Ground,

Handsomely situated on Stump-Hill, about two miles west from Alexandria, described in the plat of said tract by the numbers 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, and 25, lying in one body, and contain about 36 acres, being subject to pay of the original purchase money two instalments due 2d January and 2d July past, in amount 597 13-100 dollars—The terms of trust are CASH; but some credit will be allowed on satisfactory security.

In like manner, will be Sold,

In the town of Centreville, 25 miles from Alexandria, at 11 o'clock, on the 12th day of October next,

A valuable Lot of Ground, together with the improvements thereon; consisting of a good Frame Dwelling-House, a Tannery of Vats, Bark-House, &c. convenient for the tanning business.

Samuel Craig, Trustee.

September 2.

## This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of George Hoke, late of the county aforesaid, deceased—ALL PERSONS having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereon to the subscriber, on or before the 19th day of February next, or otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. Given under my hand, this 19th day of August, 1805.

Ann Hoke, Administratrix,

By James Anderson, her Attorney.

N. B. All persons indebted to the above estate, are requested to make immediate payment as above.

## NOTICE.

THE administration of the estate of JAMES WILSON, deceased, having been committed to the Subscribers by the Orphans' Court of the county of Alexandria, they hereby require all those indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment of their respective debts; and those who have claims against the estate, to exhibit them as early as possible, properly authenticated.

Eliza Wilson,  
R. I. Taylor.

August 12.

## NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, of the county of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the estate of William Woods, late of the aforesaid county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 6th day of February next, they may otherwise be by law excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 5th day of August, 1805.

Ann Woods, Adm'x.

Archibald McChiesh, Adm'r.

August 6.

## This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained, letters of administration on the personal estate of Robert Brown, late of the county aforesaid, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 3d day of November next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. Given under my hand, this 3d day of August, 1805.

DIXON BRITTINGHAM, Adm'r.

August 3.

N. B. All persons indebted to the above estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the administrator.

## To be HIRED or SOLD,

For a term of years,

A NUMBER of valuable NEGROES—men, women, boys and girls—a majority of them have been accustomed to labor on a farm. Apply to the Printer.

September 10.

Just Published,

And for Sale by Cotton & Stewart,  
A Key to Mystery of Iniquity

OR AN

Address to Men of Candor and  
lovers of Truth.

By JOHN WEST,

Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium ecclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving modern episcopacy to be spurious, and human legislation in the Church to be usurpation, &c. &c.

May 3.

## LAND TO RENT.

The subscriber offers to RENT, for one or more years,

A VERY valuable FARM, containing about 800 acres; at present occupied by Mr. Daniel Dye. It lies on Bull-Run, in the county of Prince-William, near to Centreville, and about 20 miles to Dumfries, 25 to Alexandria, and about the same distance to Washington City and George-Town. The land is of the first quality, if not superior to any, on that run, well adapted to the growth of every kind of grain, it is divided into three fields of about 200 acres each—those fields, when in pasture, produce white clover in the greatest abundance, the growth luxuriant and equal to any pastures below the Blue-Ridge—a large quantity of meadow ground of the best quality binding on the run, which might be prepared with very little labor, and a sufficient quantity of wood-land, for keeping in repair the necessary fencing, the buildings, except a barn, are indifferent; yet the central situation of this farm (in a healthy part of the country) to those capital towns, the fertility of its soil, the great advantages that may be derived from such a farm, render it an object worth the attention of any industrious farmer.

The premises will be shewn by Spencer Ball Esquire, near thereto, or the tenants thereof, and the terms made known by applying to

Robert Mitchell.

Richmond County, Grove-Mount, 12w3s

September 4.

## TO BE RENTED,

For one or more years, and possession given the first of January next, with the privilege of feeding wheat this fall;

Between 8 and 900 acres of valuable LAND, lying on Cub and Bull-Runs, in Fairfax county, about 23 miles from Alexandria and the City of Washington, and well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat and tobacco. There is a comfortable dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, two large barns, corn-houses, &c. with tolerable good apple and peach-orchards—a great proportion of the above land is low grounds, which at a small expense might be made prime meadow land. Mr. Spencer Ball, or Joshua Buckley, who live adjoining the land, will shew it, and the terms made known by the subscribers.

John G. Chinn.

Richmond county, Sept. 4.

## FOR SALE,

My Tract of Land, lying in the county of Loudoun, and bounding on the Sugar Land Run: containing two thousand and seven hundred and sixty four acres. I will accommodate purchasers in parcels less than the whole, I will not enter into any description of the land, supposing that persons desirous of purchasing, will inform themselves on the spot, by taking a view of the premises. Possession can be given on new year's day, in the year 1806, to any one who makes a bargain before the 15th September, after which time tenants will be fixed and the possession though at the same time as in the other case, will be encumbered with them. For terms application may be made to Thomas L. Lee, of the county, General John Minor, Frederickburg, and the subscriber living in the county of King George.

LONDON CARTER.

Clerk, August 1.

## FOR SALE,

The FARM on which I live, CONTAINING between 5 and 600 acres of level Land, well adapted in general to receive the Plaster of Paris as a manure—on the post-road from the City of Washington to Port Tobacco, and about 8 miles below Pilestony. On it is every necessary building, plenty of excellent spring water and a pump at the door—fruit trees in abundance and great variety, an excellent kitchen garden, several clover lots, some valuable low meadow ground, and wood and timber to last many years. Persons wishing to purchase, it is presumed will view the premises previous to any contract, and therefore a further description is unnecessary.

If I sell the land, it shall be given up to the purchaser 1st January next—And previous to that time, I will sell

All my moveable Property & Crop made, with some few exceptions.

Being extremely infirm and unable to manage a farm, my object is to retire to some town or city and spend the remnant of my life.

The terms of sale will be—One third of the purchase money in hand, one third at the end of 12 months from the day of sale, and the remaining one third at the end of two years, with legal interest thereon. Bonds with security, and a lien on the land, will be required.

George Lee.

Charles County, May 4.

## TO LET,

The Store and Cellar, lately occupied by Mr. James Wilson, deceased. They will be let either with or without the dwelling house, as may be most convenient to the person who may be inclined to become a tenant. Apply to Mrs. Eliza Wilson or R. I. Taylor.

September 4.

PRINTED DAILY, BY  
S. S. SNOWDEN.

Vol. V.]

## Public Sale

On TUESDAY

at 10 o'clock, will be sold at

RUM

In hds. and bls. French Br

Gin in pipes and bls.

Whiskey and Apple Bandy

Sugar in hds. tierces and bls

(chocolate

White and brown Soap and

Mould and dipt Candles

Raisins in kegs, boxes and j

Figs in kegs and frails,

Queen's Ware in crates,

HOUSEHOLD FUR

&c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

A Variety of DRY

among which a

Cloths, Coatings, Ke

Dolls, Plains, Kerseys, N

Serge, Elasticks, blue Frie

Callimancoes, Russels, Yarn

Clintons and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silesia do.

Onaburgs and Tickenburg

Muslin and Muslin Handke

India Muslins and Table Clo

Randolpha Handkerchiefs,

Coloured Threads, Hats a

noels.

Philip G

Dec. 20.

## FOR SALE

A few likely N E G

For terms, apply to

BENJAMIN

Who will offer at Public Sale

November next, at his pla

Falls Church,

All his Stock & Farm

of every descr

On a credit of 6 months—the

hood with good security for

September 5.

## PUBLIC S

by virtue of a decree of the Co

States for the fifth circuit

district, pronounced at the

in behalf of ROBERT B

Wayson and John Love; w

highest bidder for ready m

A N ESTATE or PLAN

A county of Prince Willi

and—one in the county

called Chantilly; for the purp

of twelve thousand doll

thereon, to be computed afte

per centum per annum, from

November, 1795; and the fo

thousand four hundred and fift

eighty eight cents, with like in

puted from the 10th day of M

The sale of the above men

be made on the premises; th

take place on the 14th day of

hundred and forty-six dollars,

fix per centum per annum, to

the 25th day of July, 1797,